Facts Related to Human Rights Violation and Abuses in 2019

Things to be mentioned

1) The year 2019 here means from 17 Poush 2075 to 15 Poush 2076. This publication hasn’t included any cases beyond the mentioned year unless needed. Most of the information related to the cases here has been written after visiting the spot of the incident and has been verified by the police, victims, accused and legal bodies.

2) The topics have been divided and data has been presented referring to the six international Human Rights treaty bodies (ICCPR, ICESCR, CAT, CEDAW, CRC/CERD) ratified by Nepal.

3) The facts of the Human Rights Violations and Abuses have been categorized into two types:
   a) Human Rights Violation from the side of the state has been mentioned as ‘By State’.
   b) Human Rights Violation and Abuses from beyond the state has been mentioned as ‘By Others’. Here others mean different armed groups, unknown groups, political parties, family members etc. Detailed facts regarding this has been mentioned in Annex 2. Generally, incident of crimes have been included in the facts without details.

4) Names of the local levels may have some errors. We expect suggestions from the respected readers regarding the errors.

5) Facts mentioned about the Right to Assembly talks about the arrested and injured victims only.

6) Information received by the legal/semi legal units, media, witnesses are mentioned only after proper verifications.

7) Number of inmates mentioned in the publication is based on the data till the end of 2019 (Poush 2nd week).

8) Information about education, jail, health and legal bodies were taken from the relevant offices.

9) Women, Children and Senior Citizen Service Center is the body within District Police Office.

10) Sent for judicial custody means the case is ongoing. Released on bail also means the case hasn’t been resolved.

11) Rape victims are kept anonymous and their identity has been hidden in every way possible.

12) Netra Bikram Chand led Biplov Party has been mentioned as banned Communist Party of Nepal.

13) Incidences related to Human Rights Violation and Abuses which hasn’t reached the district’s legal or semi legal bodies and INSEC representatives hasn’t been included.
14) Since the Constitution of Nepal considers below 18 as minor; the book too presents them as minor.

15) Vacant positions in the sector of health, schools, courts etc. have been emphasized because this creates constraints in Human Rights.

16) Details regarding the scholarship to the marginalized Dalit and disabled has been mentioned letting the relevant readers know their status.

17) Cases related to displacement and destruction of property has been included in Economic Social and Cultural Rights.

18) Names of the places may appear different due to the pronunciations of local accent and language.

19) Population, women number of migrant workers, literacy above five years, and number of households, number of dependents, and number below poverty line has been mentioned in every district because it functions as foundation for Human Rights. Their data has been taken from Central Bureau of Statistics- Census 2011.

20) Carefulness has been undertaken while including the data, making sure there aren’t any error. If found any; then the facts mentioned in the main source is considered authentic.

Other Sources of Data:
1) Brief report of the Central Bureau of Statistics -2016
2) Local social organizations and people
3) Local legal/semi legal, administrative, media and security related bodies
4) Nepal Human Rights Year Book from 1992 to 2019
5) Books and documents found in the IN-SEC library
6) Data related to education- District Education Office, health related data-Department of Health Services
7) Ministry of Federal Affairs and General Administration